Amendment No. 1 to SB2450

Johnson Signature of Sponsor

AMEND Senate Bill No. 2450

House Bill No. 2212*

by deleting all language after the enacting clause and substituting instead the following:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 68-221-720, is amended by deleting subsection (d) and substituting instead the following:

- (1) No later than twenty-four (24) hours after a public water system confirms that the lead and copper 90th percentile lead action level, according to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. § 300f et seq.), has been exceeded, the public water system shall notify the commissioner. The commissioner shall direct the public water system to conduct appropriate follow-up actions in accordance with state and federal drinking water rule requirements.
- (2) No later than seventy-two (72) hours after a public water system confirms that any individual lead monitoring result is above the lead action level, according to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. § 300f et seq.), the public water system shall provide notification to the customer or residence where the sample was collected. No later than seventy-two (72) hours after the public water system confirms that the lead and copper 90th percentile lead action level has been exceeded, the public water system shall provide public notification to all customers where such exceedance results from the following:
 - (A) The lead content in the construction materials of the public water distribution system; or
 - (B) Corrosivity of the water supply sufficient to cause leaching of lead.

(3)

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- (A) The notice required by this subsection (d) shall be provided in such manner, form, and frequency as may be reasonably required by the commissioner.
- (B) Notice under this subsection (d) shall be provided, even if there has been no violation of any drinking water regulation of the state.
- (4) Notice under this subsection (d) shall provide a clear and readily understandable explanation of the following:
 - (A) The potential sources of lead in the drinking water;
 - (B) Any potential adverse health effects;
 - (C) Any reasonably available methods of mitigating known or potential lead content in drinking water;
 - (D) Any steps the public water system is taking to mitigate lead content in drinking water; and
 - (E) The necessity for seeking alternative water supplies, if any.

(5)

- (A) If a public water system fails to notify persons that may be affected by lead contamination as required by subdivision (d)(2), the commissioner shall take appropriate action to ensure the public water system provides such notice within at least ten (10) days of such failure.
- (B) After the commissioner ensures proper notice has occurred by the public water system, the commissioner shall provide direct technical assistance to and oversight of the public water system to ensure the public water system

conducts appropriate follow-up testing and exercises the necessary treatment optimization and distribution system modifications, where necessary, to achieve compliance.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2017, the public welfare requiring it.